

Correction parcours fléché 2 :
Développer et réduire une expression grâce à la double distributivité

Développe et réduis les expressions ci-dessous. Détaille les calculs effectués dans ton cahier.

$$(a + b)(c + d) = ac + ad + bc + bd$$

$$A = (x + 6)(x + 2)$$

$$B = (x + 5)(x + 4)$$

$$C = (2x + 8)(3x + 1)$$

$$D = (4x + 3)(5x + 1)$$

$$E = (x + 2)(x - 7)$$

$$F = (x + 6)(x - 3)$$

$$G = (x - 2)(x - 3)$$

$$H = (x - 6)(x - 4)$$

$$I = (3x^2 - 4)(2x + 5)$$

$$J = (2x^2 - 3)(5x + 7)$$

$$K = 6(x + 5)(x + 3)$$

$$L = 7(x + 4)(x + 2)$$

$$M = (x + 7)^2$$

$$N = (x + 8)^2$$

$$O = (3x - 5)^2$$

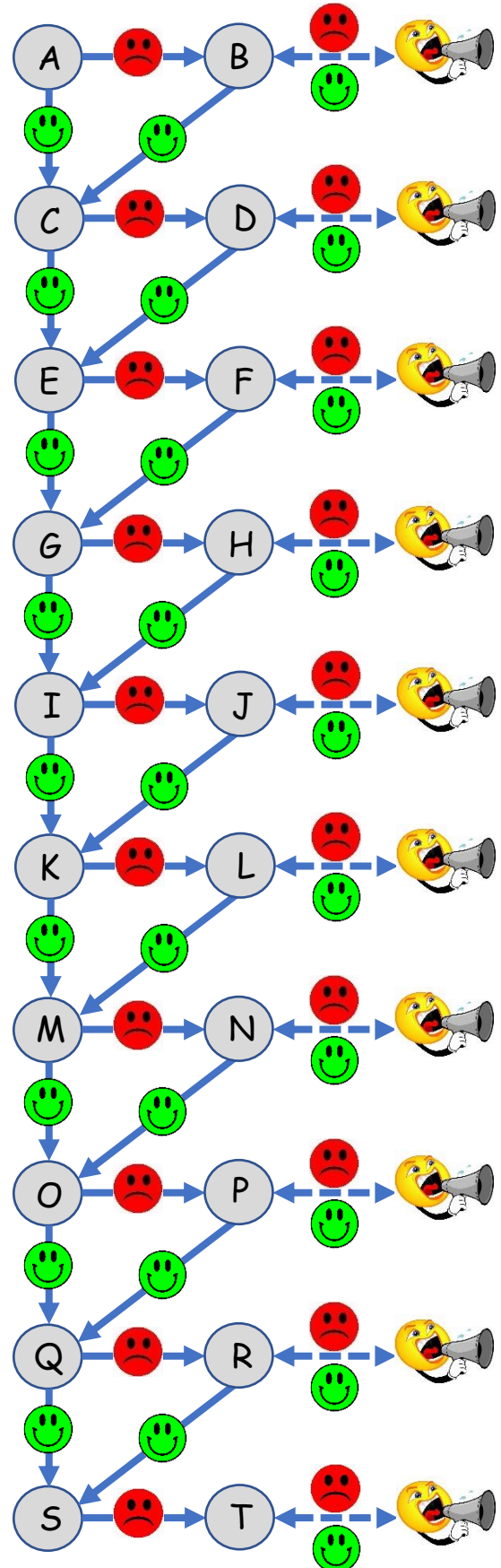
$$P = (4x - 6)^2$$

$$Q = 3(2x - 5) + (2x - 3)(3x + 1)$$

$$R = 5(2x - 3) + (4x - 1)(5x + 2)$$

$$S = (x + 5)^2 - (3x + 4)(x - 2)$$

$$T = (x + 4)^2 - (2x + 3)(x - 4)$$



$$A = (x+6)(x+2)$$

$$A = x \times x + x \times 2 + 6 \times x + 6 \times 2$$

$$A = x^2 + 2x + 6x + 12$$

$$A = x^2 + 8x + 12$$

$$B = (x+5)(x+4)$$

$$B = x \times x + x \times 4 + 5 \times x + 5 \times 4$$

$$B = x^2 + 4x + 5x + 20$$

$$B = x^2 + 9x + 20$$

$$C = (2x+8)(3x+1)$$

$$C = 2x \times 3x + 2x \times 1 + 8 \times 3x + 8 \times 1$$

$$C = 6x^2 + 2x + 24x + 8$$

$$C = 6x^2 + 26x + 8$$

$$D = (4x+3)(5x+1)$$

$$D = 4x \times 5x + 4x \times 1 + 3 \times 5x + 3 \times 1$$

$$D = 20x^2 + 4x + 15x + 3$$

$$D = 20x^2 + 19x + 3$$

$$E = (x+2)(x-7)$$

$$E = x \times x - x \times 7 + 2 \times x - 2 \times 7$$

$$E = x^2 - 7x + 2x - 14$$

$$E = x^2 - 5x - 14$$

$$F = (x+6)(x-3)$$

$$F = x \times x - x \times 3 + 6 \times x - 6 \times 3$$

$$F = x^2 - 3x + 6x - 18$$

$$F = x^2 + 3x - 18$$

$$G = (x-2)(x-3)$$

$$G = x \times x - x \times 3 - 2 \times x + 2 \times 3$$

$$G = x^2 - 3x - 2x + 6$$

$$G = x^2 - 5x + 6$$

$$H = (x-6)(x-4)$$

$$H = x \times x - x \times 4 - 6 \times x + 6 \times 4$$

$$H = x^2 - 4x - 6x + 24$$

$$H = x^2 - 10x + 24$$

$$I = (3x^2-4)(2x+5)$$

$$I = 3x^2 \times 2x + 3x^2 \times 5 - 4 \times 2x - 4 \times 5$$

$$I = 6x^3 + 15x^2 - 8x - 20$$

$$J = (2x^2-3)(5x+7)$$

$$J = 2x^2 \times 5x + 2x^2 \times 7 - 3 \times 5x - 3 \times 7$$

$$J = 10x^3 + 14x^2 - 15x - 21$$

$$K = 6(x + 5)(x + 3)$$

$$K = 6(x \times x + x \times 3 + 5 \times x + 5 \times 3)$$

$$K = 6(x^2 + 3x + 5x + 15)$$

$$K = 6(x^2 + 8x + 15)$$

$$K = 6x^2 + 48x + 90$$

$$L = 7(x + 4)(x + 2)$$

$$L = 7(x \times x + x \times 2 + 4 \times x + 4 \times 2)$$

$$L = 7(x^2 + 2x + 4x + 8)$$

$$L = 7(x^2 + 6x + 8)$$

$$L = 7x^2 + 42x + 56$$

Pour K : On peut aussi commencer par la simple distributivité ($6(x + 5) = 6x + 30$), puis effectuer ensuite la double distributivité ($(6x + 30)(x + 3) = 6x^2 + 48x + 90$).

Pour L : On peut aussi commencer par la simple distributivité ($7(x + 4) = 7x + 28$), puis effectuer ensuite la double distributivité ($(7x + 28)(x + 2) = 7x^2 + 42x + 56$).

$$M = (x + 7)^2$$

$$M = (x + 7)(x + 7)$$

$$M = x \times x + x \times 7 + 7 \times x + 7 \times 7$$

$$M = x^2 + 7x + 7x + 49$$

$$M = x^2 + 14x + 49$$

$$N = (x + 8)^2$$

$$N = (x + 8)(x + 8)$$

$$N = x \times x + x \times 8 + 8 \times x + 8 \times 8$$

$$N = x^2 + 8x + 8x + 64$$

$$N = x^2 + 16x + 64$$

$$O = (3x - 5)^2$$

$$O = (3x - 5)(3x - 5)$$

$$O = 3x \times 3x - 3x \times 5 - 5 \times 3x + 5 \times 5$$

$$O = 9x^2 - 15x - 15x + 25$$

$$O = 9x^2 - 30x + 25$$

$$P = (4x - 6)^2$$

$$P = (4x - 6)(4x - 6)$$

$$P = 4x \times 4x - 4x \times 6 - 6 \times 4x + 6 \times 6$$

$$P = 16x^2 - 24x - 24x + 36$$

$$P = 16x^2 - 48x + 36$$

$$Q = \underbrace{3(2x - 5)}_{DS} + \underbrace{(2x - 3)(3x + 1)}_{DD}$$

$$Q = 3 \times 2x - 3 \times 5 + 2x \times 3x + 2x \times 1 - 3 \times 3x - 3 \times 1$$

$$Q = 6x - 15 + 6x^2 + 2x - 9x - 3$$

$$Q = 6x^2 - x - 18$$

$$R = \underbrace{5(2x - 3)}_{DS} + \underbrace{(4x - 1)(5x + 2)}_{DD}$$

$$R = 5 \times 2x - 5 \times 3 + 4x \times 5x + 4x \times 2 - 1 \times 5x - 1 \times 2$$

$$R = 10x - 15 + 20x^2 + 8x - 5x - 2$$

$$R = 20x^2 + 13x - 17$$

$$S = (x + 5)^2 - (3x + 4)(x - 2)$$

$$S = \underbrace{(x + 5)(x + 5)}_{DD} - \underbrace{(3x + 4)(x - 2)}_{DD}$$

$$S = x \times x + x \times 5 + 5 \times x + 5 \times 5 - (3x \times x - 3x \times 2 + 4 \times x - 4 \times 2)$$

$$S = x^2 + 5x + 5x + 25 - (3x^2 - 6x + 4x - 8)$$

$$S = x^2 + 10x + 25 - (3x^2 - 2x - 8)$$

$$S = x^2 + 10x + 25 - 3x^2 + 2x + 8$$

$$S = -2x^2 + 12x + 33$$

$$T = (x + 4)^2 - (2x + 3)(x - 4)$$

$$T = \underbrace{(x + 4)(x + 4)}_{DD} - \underbrace{(2x + 3)(x - 4)}_{DD}$$

$$T = x \times x + x \times 4 + 4 \times x + 4 \times 4 - (2x \times x - 2x \times 4 + 3 \times x - 3 \times 4)$$

$$T = x^2 + 4x + 4x + 16 - (2x^2 - 8x + 3x - 12)$$

$$T = x^2 + 8x + 16 - (2x^2 - 5x - 12)$$

$$T = x^2 + 8x + 16 - 2x^2 + 5x + 12$$

$$T = -x^2 + 13x + 28$$